Allied Telesis

x930 Series

Advanced Gigabit Layer 3 Stackable Switches with 10G and 40G Uplinks

The Allied Telesis x930 Series of stackable Gigabit Layer 3 switches provide resiliency, reliability and high performance, making them ideal for distribution and network core solutions.









Allied Telesis x930 Series switches are a high-performing and feature-rich choice for today's networks. With a choice of 24- and 48-port models with 10 Gigabit and 40 Gigabit uplink ports, plus the power of Allied Telesis Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStackTM) with up to 160Gbps of stacking bandwidth per switch, the x930 Series have the flexibility and performance for key network connectivity.

Powerful network management

The Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) meets the increased management requirements of modern converged networks, automating many everyday tasks including configuration management. AMF has powerful centralized management features that manage a complete network as a single virtual device. The network can be expanded with plug-and-play simplicity, and network node recovery is fully zero-touch.

AMF secure mode increases network security with management traffic encryption, authorization, and monitoring. AMF Guestnode allows third party devices, such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of an AMF network.

Network resiliency

The convergence of network services in the enterprise has led to increasing demand for highly available networks with minimal downtime. VCStack, in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure and an easy, resilient solution for high availability applications.

The x930 Series can form a VCStack of up to eight units for enhanced resiliency and simplified device management. Stacks can be created over long distance fiber links with VCStack LD (Long Distance), making the x930 Series the perfect choice for distributed environments.

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRingTM), and the standards-based G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure that distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Reliable

The x930 Series was designed with reliability in mind, and guarantees continual delivery of essential services. With dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies and near-hitless online stack reconfiguration, maintenance may be performed without affecting network uptime.

Secure

Advanced security features protect the network from the edge to the core. The x930 Series offers powerful control over network traffic types, protection against network attacks, secure management options, loop guard to detect cabling mistakes, and tri-authentication for comprehensive end-point access control.

Future-proof

The x930 Series ensures a future proof network, with superior flexibility coupled with the ability to stack multiple units. All x930 Series models

feature 10 Gigabit and the option of 40 Gigabit uplinks ports and a comprehensive IPv6 feature set, so are fully ready for future network traffic demands. All x930 Series switches are Software Defined Networking (SDN) ready and are able to support OpenFlow v1.3.

Environmentally friendly

The x930 Series supports Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), automatically reducing the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port. This sophisticated feature can significantly reduce operating costs by reducing the power requirements of the switch and any associated cooling equipment.

New / Key Features

- AMF secure mode
- ▶ G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection
- ▶ Ethernet CFM
- ▶ Continuous PoE
- Precision Time Protocol (PTP)
 Transparent Mode
- ▶ 40G Ethernet uplinks and stacking ports
- Active Fiber Monitoring
- ▶ OpenFlow for SDN
- ► Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)









Key Features

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF)

- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- Any x930 Series switch can operate as the AMF network master, storing firmware and configuration backups for other network nodes. The AMF master enables auto-provisioning and auto-upgrade by providing appropriate files to new network members. New network devices can be pre-provisioned making installation easy because no on-site configuration is required.
- AMF secure mode encrypts all AMF traffic, provides unit and user authorization, and monitors network access to greatly enhance network security.
- AMF Guestnode allows Allied Telesis wireless access points and further switching products, as well as third party devices such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of an AMF network.

Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack)

Create a VCStack of up to eight units with 40Gbps (or 160Gbps with the StackQS model) of stacking bandwidth on each unit. Stacking links are connected in a ring so each device has dual connections to further improve resiliency. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

Long-Distance Stacking

 Long-distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing)

- ▶ EPSRing and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several switches to form high-speed protected rings capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high performance and high availability at the core of enterprise or provider access networks.
- Superloop Protection enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

- G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF Lite)

VRF Lite provides Layer 3 network virtualization by dividing a single switch into multiple independent virtual routing domains. With independent routing domains, IP addresses can overlap without causing conflict, allowing multiple customers to have their own secure virtual network within the same physical infrastructure.

Active Fiber Monitoring

Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

UniDirectional link Detection

UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) is useful for monitoring fiber-optic links between two switches that use two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as, tilt and zoom security cameras.

Continuous PoE

Continuous PoE allows the switch to be restarted without affecting the supply of power to connected devices. Smart lighting, security cameras, and other PoE devices will continue to operate during a software upgrade on the switch.

High Reliability

The x930 series switches feature front to back cooling and dual power supply units (PSUs). The x930 features dual hot-swappable load sharing power supplies for maximum uptime, and the option of either front-to-back or back-to-front cooling. This makes it ideal for use as a top-of-rack data center switch.

VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analysed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

sFlow

SFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

Premium Software License

▶ By default, the x930 Series offers a comprehensive Layer 2 and basic Layer 3 feature set that includes static routing and IPv6 management features. The feature set can easily be elevated to full Layer 3 by applying the premium software license. This adds dynamic routing protocols and Layer 3 multicasting capabilities.

Precision Time Protocol (PTP)

 PTP (IEEE 1588) sychronizes clocks throughout the network with micro-second accuracy, supporting industrial automation and control systems.

Software Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow is a key technology that enables the use of SDN to build smart applications that unlock value and reduce cost.

VLAN ACLs

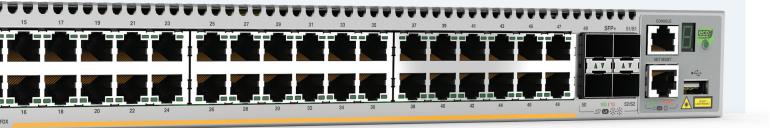
 Simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. Access Control Lists (ACLs) can be applied to a Virtual LAN (VLAN) as well as a specific port.

TACACS+ Command Authorization

Centralize control of which commands may be issued by a specific user of an AlliedWare Plus device. TACACS+ command authorization complements authentication and accounting services for a complete AAA solution.

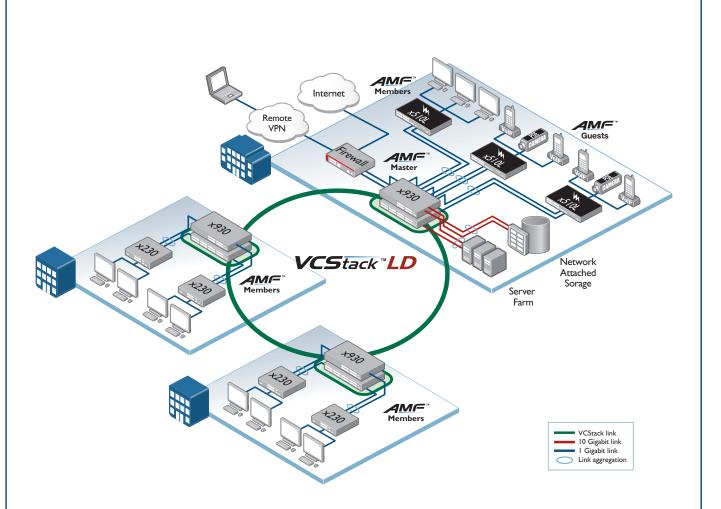
Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)

 UFO lets you manage which ports in a VLAN can communicate with each other, and which only have upstream access to services, for secure multi-user deployment.



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Key Solutions



Distributed network core

Allied Telesis x930 Series switches are ideal for core and distribution solutions, where resiliency and flexibility are required. In the above diagram, long distance Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack-LD) is used to create a single virtual unit out of multiple devices. The increased distance provided by fiber stacking connectivity means that members of the virtual chassis do not need to be colocated. Instead, they can be kilometers apart – perfect for a distributed network environment.

When combined with link aggregation to access switches, this provides a solution with no single point of failure that fully utilizes all network bandwidth, and ensures high availability of data for network users.

AMF allows this large distributed network to be managed as a single virtual entity, greatly reducing administration and automating many day to day tasks.

Allied Telesis x930 Series switches support enterprises and their use of business-critical online resources and applications, with a resilient and reliable solution.

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Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS	10 GIGABIT Stacking Ports	MODULE SLOTS	POE+ ENABLED PORTS	SWITCHING Fabric	FORWARDING RATE
x930-28GTX	24	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	-	288Gbps	214.3Mpps
x930-28GPX	24	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	24	288Gbps	214.3Mpps
x930-28GSTX	24 (combo)	24 (combo)	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	-	288Gbps	214.3Mpps
x930-52GTX	48	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	-	336Gbps	250Mpps
x930-52GPX	48	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	48	336Gbps	250Mpps

^{*} Stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports when unit is not stacked, or if StackQS module is used

Performance

- ► 40Gbps of stacking bandwidth per switch using front panel 10G SFP+ ports
- ▶ 160Gbps of stacking bandwidth per switch using optional AT-StackQS expansion module
- ► Supports 13KB jumbo frames
- Wirespeed multicasting
- ▶ 4094 configurable VLANs
- ▶ Up to 64K MAC addresses
- ▶ Up to 16,000 OSPF routes
- ▶ Up to 2.000 IPv4 multicast entries
- ▶ Up to 2000 OpenFlow v1.3 entries
- ▶ Up to 32 dynamic (LACP) and 96 static channel groups, of up to 8-ports each
- ▶ 2GB DDR SDRAM, 256MB flash memory
- ▶ Packet buffer memory: x930-28 2MB, 52 4MB

Reliability

- ▶ Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- ► Internal dual hot-swappable PSUs, providing uninterrupted power and extra reliability
- Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

Expandability

- ▶ Stack up to eight units in a VCStack
- ▶ Versatile licensing options for additional features

Flexibility and Compatibility

- Gigabit SFP ports on x930-28GSTX will support any combination of Allied Telesis 100Mbps and 1000Mbps SFP modules listed in this document under Ordering Information
- ▶ 10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information
- Port speed and duplex (full duplex only) configuration can be set manually or by autonegotiation
- Front-panel SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports

Diagnostic Tools

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ▶ Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ► Cable fault locator (TDR)
- ► Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) for use with G.8032 ERPS
- ► Find-me device locator
- ► Hardware health monitoring
- ▶ Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ► Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)

- ▶ Ping polling and TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)
- ▶ Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)

IPv4 Features

- Black hole routing
- ▶ Directed broadcast forwarding
- DNS relay
- ▶ Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing
- ▶ Policy-based routing
- Route maps and route redistribution (OSPF, BGP, RIP)
- Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
- ► UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)
- Up to 64 Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF lite) domains (with license)

IPv6 Features

- DHCPv6 client and relay
- ▶ DNSv6 client and relay
- ▶ IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- IPv6 aware storm protection, QoS and hardware ACLs
- Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- ▶ NTPv6 client and server
- ▶ Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv6
- ▶ Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6

Management

- Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- ▶ Try AMF for free with the built-in Starter license
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ▶ Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- ▶ Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- Out-of-band 10/100/1000T Ethernet management port
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- Built-in text editor and powerful CLI scripting engine
- Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events

 USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

Quality of Service

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- ► Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- ► IPv6 QoS support
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ▶ Policy-based storm protection
- ▶ Extensive remarking capabilities
- ► Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Resiliency Features

- BPDU forwarding
- ▶ 10G and 40G stacking ports can be configured as Ethernet ports
- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- ► EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP) and enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- Long-Distance VCStack (LD-VCStack) using SFP+ or QSFP+ modules
- ▶ Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- ▶ PVST+ compatibility mode
- STP root guard
- ▶ VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

Security Features

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- ▶ Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- Auth fail and guest VLANs
- Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ▶ BPDU protection
- ▶ DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ▶ DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- ▶ Dynamic VLAN assignment

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- ▶ MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- ► Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- ▶ RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port
 ▶ Secure Copy (SCP) and Secure File Transfer
- ▶ Strong password security and encryption
- ▶ TACACS+ command authorisation

Protocol (SFTP) client

► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x

Software Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow v1.3 with support for encryption, connection interruption and inactivity probe

Environmental Specifications

- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) AT-x930-GTX models and AT-x930-28GSTX 0°C to 45°C (32°F to 113°F) AT-x930-GPX models Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- ➤ Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- ► Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- Operating altitude: 3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

Electrical Approvals and Compliances

- ► EMC: EN55022 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A, ICES-003 class A
- ► Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) AC models only

Power Supply Requirements

- ► AC voltage: 90 to 260V (auto-ranging)
- ▶ Frequency: 47 to 63Hz
- ▶ DC voltage: 40 to 60VDC (for PWR250-80 PSU only)

Safety

- Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1
- Certification: UL, cUL

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ▶ EU RoHS compliant
- China RoHS compliant

Country of Origin

Indonesia

Physical Specifications

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WE	PACKAGED DIMENSIONS	
FRODUCT	WIDTH A DEFTH A HEIGHT	MOUNTING	UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	FACKAGED DIMENSIONS
x930-28GTX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
x930-28GPX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
x930-28GSTX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
x930-52GTX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
x930-52GPX	440 x 420 x 44 mm (17.32 x 16.54 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.2 kg (11.5 lb)	7.2 kg (15.9 lb)	56 x 53 x 15 cm (22.1 x 20.9 x 5.9 in)
StackQS	141 x 96.5 x 40.3 mm (5.56 x 3.80 x 1.59 in)	Module	0.2 kg (0.44 lb)	1.2 kg (2.65 lb)	40 x 25 x 10 cm (15.8 x 9.8 x 3.9 in)
x9EM/XT4	141 x 96.5 x 40.3 mm (5.56 x 3.80 x 1.59 in)	Module	0.2 kg (0.44 lb)	1.2 kg (2.65 lb)	40 x 25 x 13 cm (15.8 x 9.8 x 5.1 in)

Power and Noise Characteristics

	1	NO POE LOAD			FULL POE+ LOAD (PWR800)			FULL POE+ LOAD (PWR1200)		
PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	
x930-28GTX	84W	285 BTU/h	39.7 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	
x930-28GPX	84W	286 BTU/h	44.7 dBA	564W	287 BTU/h	45.8 dBA	808W	301 BTU/h	56.0 dBA	
x930-28GSTX	97W	329 BTU/h	39.7 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	
x930-52GTX	95W	323 BTU/h	39.7 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	
x930-52GPX	97W	330 BTU/h	44.7 dBA	577W	331 BTU/h	45.8 dBA	880W	341 BTU/h	56.0 dBA	

Noise: tested to ISO7779; front bystander position

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED							
PRUDUCI	10MBPS	100MBPS	1GBPS	10GBPS	40GBPS			
x930-28GTX/GPX	47.4 µs	7.9 µs	3.7 µs	2.6 µs	-			
x930-28GSTX	47.4 µs	7.6µs (Fiber)	3.6µs (Fiber)	2.6 µs	-			
x930-52GTX/GPX	47.4 µs	7.9µs	3.7 µs	2.6 µs	-			
StackQS	-	-	-	-	2.5µs			
x9EM/XT4	-	-	3.7 µs	2.6 µs	-			

Power over Ethernet Power Supply Combinations

PSU	POE POWER	MAXI	MAX			
INSTALLED	AVAILABLE	CLASS I (4.0W)	CLASS 2 (7.0W)	CLASS 3 (15.4.W)	CLASS 4 (30W)	REDUNDANT POE POWER
PWR800	380W	48	48	24	12	-
PWR800 + PWR800	740W	48	48	48	24	380W
PWR1200	740W	48	48	48	24	-
PWR1200 + PWR1200	1440W	48	48	48	48	740W

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	lards and Protocols	RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the
		RFC 826 RFC 894	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams	RFC 3413	SNMP SNMP applications
	/are Plus Operating System	RFC 094	over Ethernet networks	RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
Version 5.4	4.7-2	RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams	RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for
Border	Gateway Protocol (BGP)	RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the		SNMP
	nic capability		presence of subnets	RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the
-	und route filtering	RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme	DEO 0.447	SNMP
RFC 1772	Application of the Border Gateway Protocol	RFC 950 RFC 951	Internet standard subnetting procedure Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)	RFC 3417 RFC 3418	Transport mappings for the SNMP MIB for SNMP
	(BGP) in the Internet	RFC 1027	Proxy ARP	RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
RFC 1997 RFC 2385		RFC 1035	DNS client	RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the
NFU 2300	signature option	RFC 1042	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams		Ethernet-like interface types
RFC 2439		DE0 1071	over IEEE 802 networks	RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 2545		RFC 1071 RFC 1122	Computing the Internet checksum Internet host requirements	RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
	IPv6 inter-domain routing	RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery	RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 2858	•	RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages	RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 2918 RFC 3392	Route refresh capability for BGP-4 Capabilities advertisement with BGP-4	RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with	RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB
RFC 3882	•	DE0 4540	CIDR	RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)
	(DoS) attacks	RFC 1519 RFC 1542	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) Clarifications and extensions for BootP	RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges with RSTP
RFC 4271	Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)	RFC 1542	Domain Name System (DNS)	RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote ping,
RFC 4360		RFC 1812	Requirements for IPv4 routers		traceroute and lookup operations
RFC 4456	BGP route reflection - an alternative to full mesh iBGP	RFC 1918	IP addressing	RFC 5424	Syslog protocol
RFC 4724	BGP graceful restart	RFC 2581	TCP congestion control	RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3
RFC 4893	•	, <u>.</u>		B. A 144	-1 0
RFC 5065		IPv6 Fe			st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM
		RFC 1981 RFC 2460	Path MTU discovery for IPv6 IPv6 specification	IGMP query	,
	graphic Algorithms	RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet		ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)
	roved Algorithms (CAVP Certified*) (Block Ciphers):		networks		ing fast-leave
	CB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)	RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6		multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)
,		RFC 3587	IPv6 global unicast address format		ng (MLDv1 and v2)
	(ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)	RFC 3596 RFC 4007	DNS extensions to support IPv6 IPv6 scoped address architecture	RFC 1112	I PIM-SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)
Block Ciph ► CCM	er Modes:	RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses	RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2
		RFC 4213	Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and		(IGMPv2)
► CMAC			routers	RFC 2710	Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6
► GCM		RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture	RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing
► XTS		RFC 4443 RFC 4861	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6	RFC 3306	protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses
	natures & Asymmetric Key Generation:	RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration	RFC 3376	IGMPv3
► DSA		1 0 1002	(SLAAC)	RFC 3810	Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for
► ECDSA	A	RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection		IPv6
► RSA		RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6	RFC 3956	Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address
Secure Has	shing:	RFC 5175 RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option	RFC 3973	in an IPv6 multicast address PIM Dense Mode (DM)
► SHA-1		NFG 0103	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard	RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches
► SHA-2	(SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512)	Manage	ement	RFC 4601	Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode
Message A	Authentication:	_	se MIB including AMF MIB and SNMP traps		(PIM-SM): protocol specification (revised)
► HMAC	(SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512)	Optical DDN	/I MIB	RFC 4604	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific
Random N	umber Generation:	SNMPv1, v2		RFC 4607	multicast Source-specific multicast for IP
► DRBG	(Hash, HMAC and Counter)	RFC 1155	AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Structure and identification of management	NFG 4007	Source-specific municast for ir
		NFC 1100	information for TCP/IP-based Internets	Open Si	nortest Path First (OSPF)
	Approved Algorithms	RFC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol	•	cal signaling
DES	128/192/256)		(SNMP)		authentication
MD5		RFC 1212	Concise MIB definitions		LSDB resync
		RFC 1213	MIB for network management of TCP/ IP-based Internets: MIB-II	RFC 1245 RFC 1246	OSPF protocol analysis Experience with the OSPF protocol
	et	RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the	RFC 1370	Applicability statement for OSPF
Ethern			SNMP	RFC 1765	OSPF database overflow
IEEE 802.2	2 Logical Link Control (LLC)			DE0 0000	OSPFv2
IEEE 802.2 IEEE 802.3	B Ethernet	RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB	RFC 2328	
IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3	3 Ethernet Bab1000BASE-T	RFC 1239	Standard MIB	RFC 2370	OSPF opaque LSA option
IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3	Bethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet	RFC 1239 RFC 1724	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension	RFC 2370 RFC 2740	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6
IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3	3 Ethernet Bab1000BASE-T	RFC 1239	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option
IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3	Bethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)	RFC 1239 RFC 1724	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension	RFC 2370 RFC 2740	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6
IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3	Bethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Bab40GBASE-X	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2)	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart
IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3	Bethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Ba40GBASE-X Bu 100BASE-X	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF
IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3	Bethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Bab40GBASE-X	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578 RFC 2579 RFC 2580	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3
IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3	B Ethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Bba40GBASE-X Bu 100BASE-X Bx Flow control - full-duplex operation	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578 RFC 2579 RFC 2580 RFC 2674	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3
IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3	B Ethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BaszEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Bba40GBASE-X Bu 100BASE-X Bx Flow control - full-duplex operation Bz 1000BASE-X	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578 RFC 2579 RFC 2580	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3
IEEE 802.2 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.4 IEEE 1588	B Ethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Baba40GBASE-X Bu 100BASE-X Bx Flow control - full-duplex operation Bz 1000BASE-X v2 Precision clock synchronization protocol v2	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578 RFC 2579 RFC 2580 RFC 2674	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3
IEEE 802.2 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.7	Bethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Bab40GBASE-X Bu 100BASE-X Bx Flow control - full-duplex operation Bx 1000BASE-X Precision clock synchronization protocol v2 Patures User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578 RFC 2579 RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2787 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging
IEEE 802.2 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.7 IEEE 802.8 IEEE 802.8 IEEE 7588	Bethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Bab40GBASE-X Bu 100BASE-X Bu 100BASE-X By Flow control - full-duplex operation By 1000BASE-X By Precision clock synchronization protocol v2 Patures User Datagram Protocol (UDP) Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578 RFC 2579 RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2741 RFC 2787 RFC 2819	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3630 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network
IEEE 802.2 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.7	Bethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Bab40GBASE-X Bu 100BASE-X Bx Flow control - full-duplex operation Bx 1000BASE-X Precision clock synchronization protocol v2 Patures User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578 RFC 2579 RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2787 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863 RFC 3176	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging
IEEE 802.2 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.7 IEEE 802.7 IEEE 802.7 IEEE 802.7 IEEE 7588	Bethernet Bab1000BASE-T Bae10 Gigabit Ethernet Baf Power over Ethernet (PoE) Ban10GBASE-T BazEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) Bab40GBASE-X Bu 100BASE-X Bu 100BASE-X By Flow control - full-duplex operation By 1000BASE-X By Precision clock synchronization protocol v2 Patures User Datagram Protocol (UDP) Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 1239 RFC 1724 RFC 2578 RFC 2579 RFC 2580 RFC 2674 RFC 2787 RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RFC 2863	Standard MIB RIPv2 MIB extension Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2) Textual conventions for SMIv2 Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) Interfaces group MIB sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in	RFC 2370 RFC 2740 RFC 3101 RFC 3509 RFC 3623 RFC 3630 RFC 4552 RFC 5329 RFC 5340 Quality IEEE 802.1p RFC 2211	OSPF opaque LSA option OSPFv3 for IPv6 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers Graceful OSPF restart Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) of Service (QoS) Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service

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d Gigabit Layer 3 Stackable Switches

x930 S	Series Advanced Gigabi
RFC 2597 RFC 2697 RFC 2698 RFC 3246	DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) A single-rate three-color marker A two-rate three-color marker DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)
Resilien	cy Features
ITU-T G.8023	3 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection
	Switching (ERPS)
IEEE 802.1A)	CLink aggregation (static and LACP)
IEEE 802.1D	MAC bridges
IEEE 802.1s	Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
IEEE 802.1w	Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
IEEE 802.3ad	dStatic and dynamic link aggregation
RFC 5798	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6
D	Information Business I (BIB)

Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

RFC 1058	Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 2080	RIPng for IPv6
RFC 2081	RIPng protocol applicability statement
RFC 2082	RIP-2 MD5 authentication
RFC 2453	RIPv2

Security Features

SSH remote login SSLv2 and SSLv3

TACACS+ Accounting, Authentication and Authorisation (AAA)

IEEE 802.1X authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5)

IEEE 802.1X multi-supplicant authentication IEEE 802.1X port-based network access control

RFC 2560 X.509 Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) RFC 2818 HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RFC 2865 RADIUS authentication RFC 2866 RADIUS accounting

RFC 2868 RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support PKCS #10: certification request syntax RFC 2986

specification v1.7 RFC 3546 Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RFC 3579 RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication

Protocol (EAP) IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines RFC 3580 RFC 3748 PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) RFC 4251 Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture

RFC 4252 Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol RFC 4254 Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol RFC 5246 Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2

RFC 5280 X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile RFC 5425 Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport

mapping for Syslog RFC 5656 Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH

RFC 6125 Domain-based application service identity within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS RFC 6614 Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for RADIUS

RFC 6668 SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH

Services RFC 854

Telnet protocol specification RFC 855 Telnet option specifications RFC 857 Telnet echo option RFC 858 Telnet suppress go ahead option RFC 1091 Telnet terminal-type option RFC 1350 Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) RFC 1985 SMTP service extension RFC 2049 MIME RFC 2131 DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) RFC 2132 DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions RFC 2616 Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 RFC 2821 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)

RFC 2822 Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP RFC 3046

option 82) RFC 3315 DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) RFC 3633 IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 RFC 3646

RFC 3993 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option

RFC 4330 Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 RFC 5905 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

VLAN Support

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP) IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

Voice over IP (VoIP)

LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057 Voice VLAN

Ordering Information

Switches

AT-x930-28GTX-00

24-port 10/100/1000T stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

AT-x930-28GPX-00

24-port 10/100/1000T PoE+ stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

AT-x930-28GSTX-00

24-port 10/100/1000T and 24-port 100/1000 SFP stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

AT-x930-52GTX-00

48-port 10/100/1000T stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

AT-x930-52GPX-00

48-port 10/100/1000T PoE+ stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

AT-RKMT-SL01

Sliding rack mount kit

Expansion Module

AT-StackQS

2 x QSFP+ expansion module

AT-x9EM/XT4

4 x 10GBASE-T expansion module

Power Supplies (for all models)

AT-PWR150-xx*

150W system power supply

AT-PWR250-80*

250W DC system power supply

AT-PWR800-xx*

800W PoE+ power supply

AT-PWR1200-xx*

1200W PoE+ power supply

Fan accessories

AT-FAN09

Spare x930 fan module

AT-FAN09ADP

Spare x930 fan adaptor board

40G QSFP+ Modules

AT-QSFP1CU (use with AT-StackQS module)

1 meter QSFP+ direct attach stacking cable

AT-QSFPLR4

40GLR4 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-QSFPSR

40GSR 850nm short-haul up to 150 m with MMF

AT-MTP12-1

1 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR

AT-MTP12-5

5 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR











StackQS module

Where xx = 10 for US power cord 20 for no power cord 30 for UK power cord

40 for Australian power cord 50 for European power cord

NETWORK SMARTER x930 Series | 7

^{*} Power supplies must be ordered separately

x930 Series | Advanced Gigabit Layer 3 Stackable Switches

Breakout Cables For 4 x 10G connections

AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-3CU

QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable (3 m)

AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-5CU

QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable (5 m)

10G SFP+ Modules

(Note that any Allied Telesis 10G SFP+ module can be used for stacking with the front panel 10G ports)

AT-SP10SR*

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRM

10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

AT-SP10LR*

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-SP10LR/I

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ER40/I*

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ZR80/I*

10GER 1550nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10T

10GBase-T 20 m copper 2,3

AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW7

7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

100Mbps SFP Modules

100Mbps SFP modules are only compatible with the SFP ports on the AT-x930-28GSTX switch)

AT-SPFX/2

100FX multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPFX/15

100FX single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 15 km

- * These modules support dual-rate 1G/10G operation
- ¹ The standard switch software supports 64 OSPF and BGP routes
- ² Using Cat 6a/7 cabling
- 3 Up to 100 m running at 1G

AT-SPFXBD-LC-13

100BX Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPFXBD-LC-15

100BX Bi-Di (1550 nm Tx, 1310nm Rx) fiber up to $10~\mathrm{km}$

1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPTX

1000T 100 m copper

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km $\,$

AT-SPLX10/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature

AT-SPBD10-13

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBD10-14

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX40

1000LX $\,$ GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km $\,$

AT-SPZX80

 $1000\mbox{ZX}$ GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to $80\mbox{ km}$

AT-SPBD20-13/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

AT-SPBD20-14/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-x930-01	x930 premium license	 ▶ OSPF¹ (16,000 routes) ▶ BGP4¹ (5,000 routes) ▶ PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM (2,000 entries) ▶ VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) ▶ RIPng (5,000 routes) ▶ OSPFv3 (8,000 routes) ▶ BGP4+ (5,000 routes) ▶ MLDv1 and v2 ▶ PIMv6-SM and SSM (1,000 entries) ▶ VRF lite (64 domains) ▶ RADIUS Full ▶ UDLD ▶ PTP Transparent Mode 	➤ One license per stack member
AT-FL-x930-AM40-1YR	AMF Master license	► AMF Master 40 nodes for 1 year	 One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-AM40-5YR	AMF Master license	► AMF Master 40 nodes for 5 years	► One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-AM80-1YR	AMF Master license	► AMF Master 80 nodes for 1 year	► One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-AM80-5YR	AMF Master license	► AMF Master 80 nodes for 5 years	► One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-AM120-1YR	AMF Master license	► AMF Master 120 nodes for 1 year	 One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-AM120-5YR	AMF Master license	► AMF Master 120 nodes for 5 years	► One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-0F13-1YR	OpenFlow license	➤ OpenFlow v1.3 (2,000 entries) for 1 year	 Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-x930-0F13-5YR	OpenFlow license	➤ OpenFlow v1.3 (2,000 entries) for 5 years	 Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-x930-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	■ G.8032 ring protection■ Ethernet CFM	 One license per stack member
AT-FL-x930-CP0E	Continuous PoE license	 Continuous PoE power for GPX models only 	 One license per stack member

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